

# The functional view

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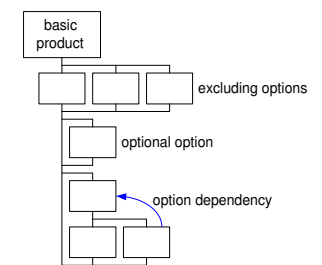
## Abstract

The purpose of the functional view is described. A number of methods or models is given to use in this view: (use) case descriptions, commercial decomposition function and feature specifications performance models and specifications, information models. The role of standards is discussed.

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# Example personal video recorder use case contents

## typical use case(s)

### interaction flow (functional aspects)

- select movie via directory
- start movie
- be able to pause or stop
- be able to skip forward or backward
- set recording quality

### performance and other qualities (non-functional aspects)

- response times for start / stop
- response times for directory browsing
- end-of-movie behaviour
- relation recording quality and storage

## worst case, exceptional, or change use case(s)

### functional

- multiple inputs at the same time
- extreme long movie
- directory behaviour in case of  
extreme many short movies

### non-functional

- response time with multiple inputs
- image quality with multiple inputs
- insufficient free space
- response time with many directory entries
- replay quality while HQ recording

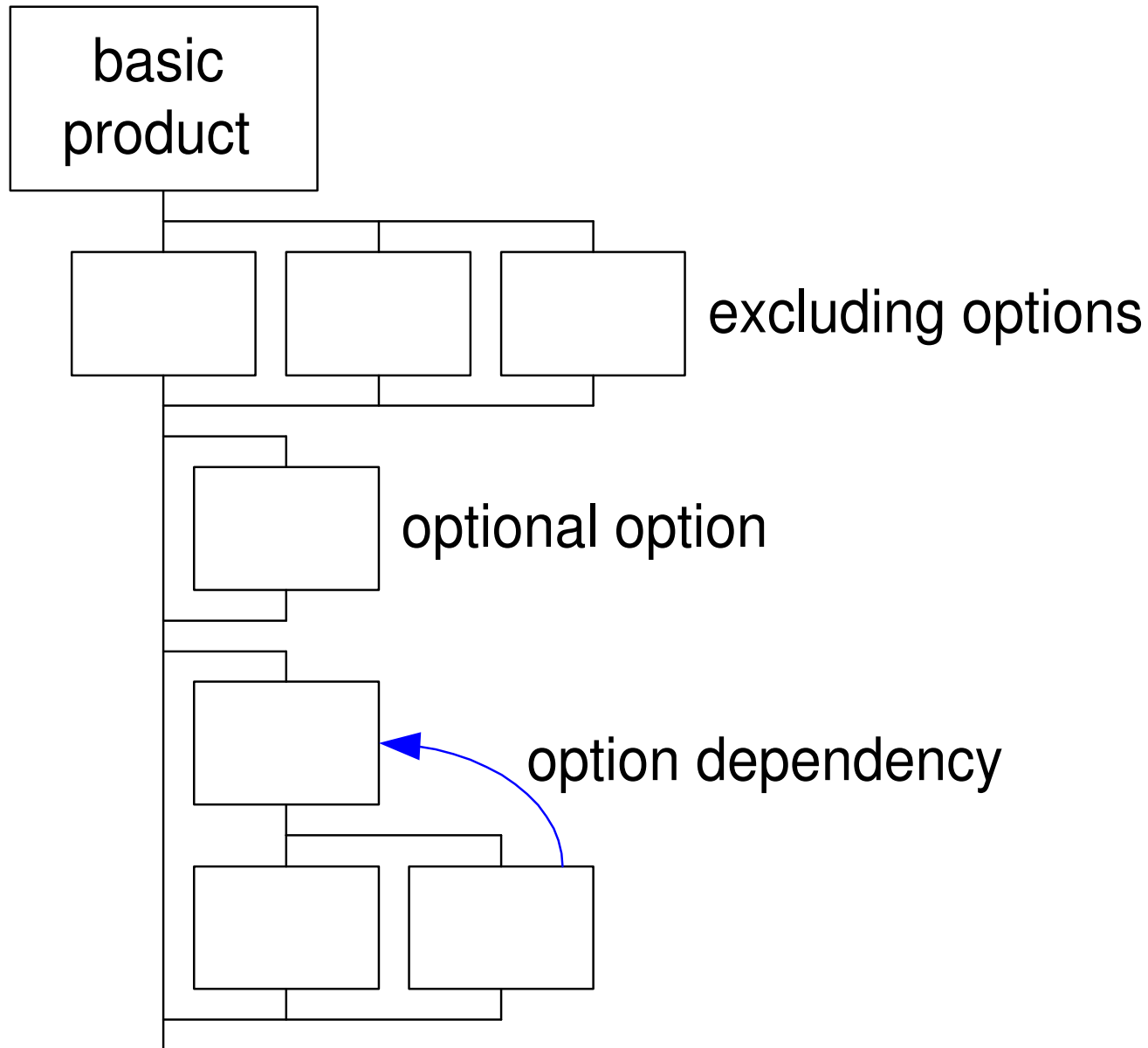
# Recommendations for working with use cases

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- + combine related functions in one use case
- do not make a separate use case for every function
- + include non-functional requirements in the use cases
  
- + minimise the amount of required *worst case* and *exceptional use cases*
- excessive amounts of use cases propagate to excessive implementation efforts
- + reduce the amount of these use cases in steps
- a few well chosen *worst case* use cases simplifies the design

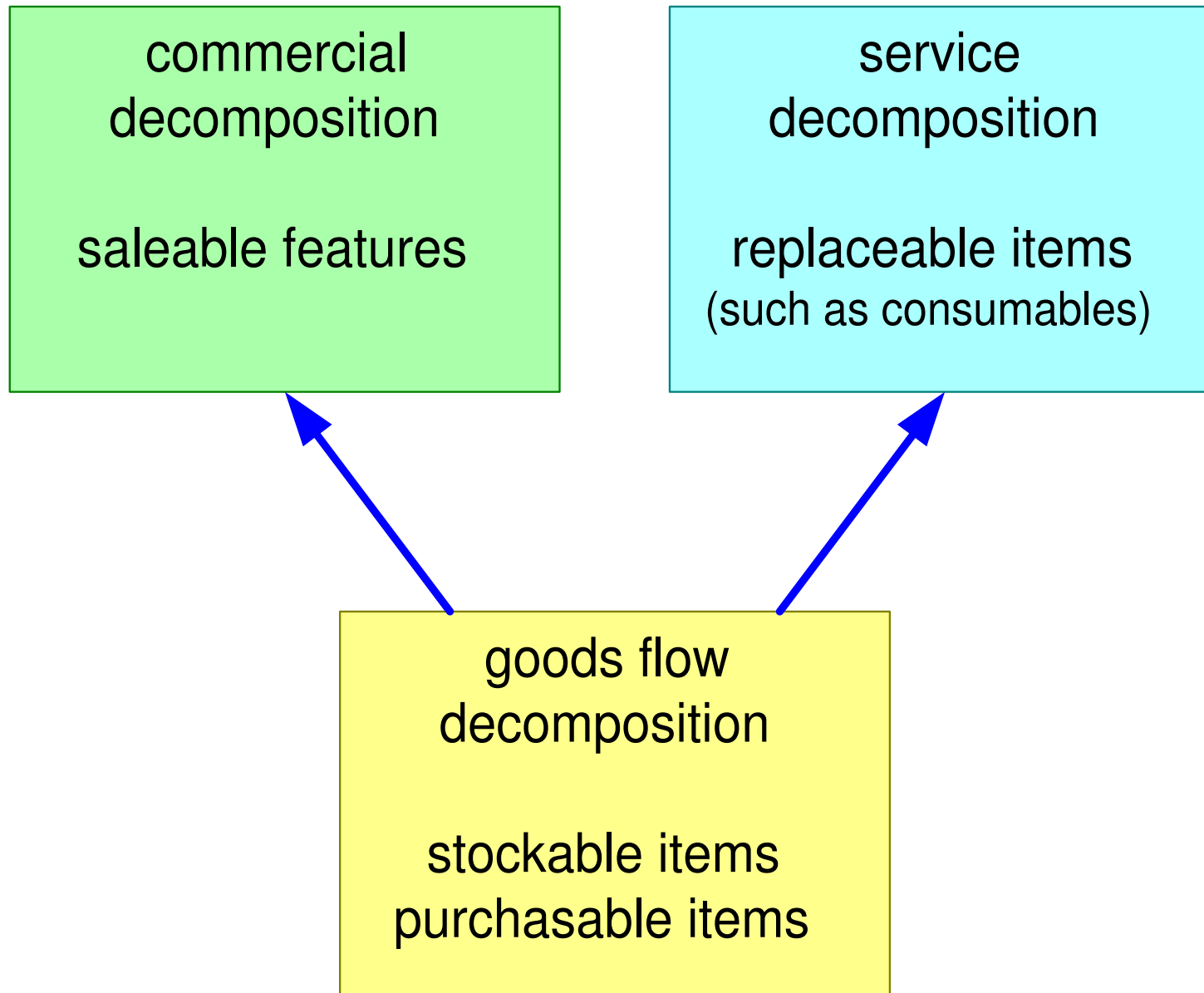
# Commercial Decomposition

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# Logistic decompositions for a product

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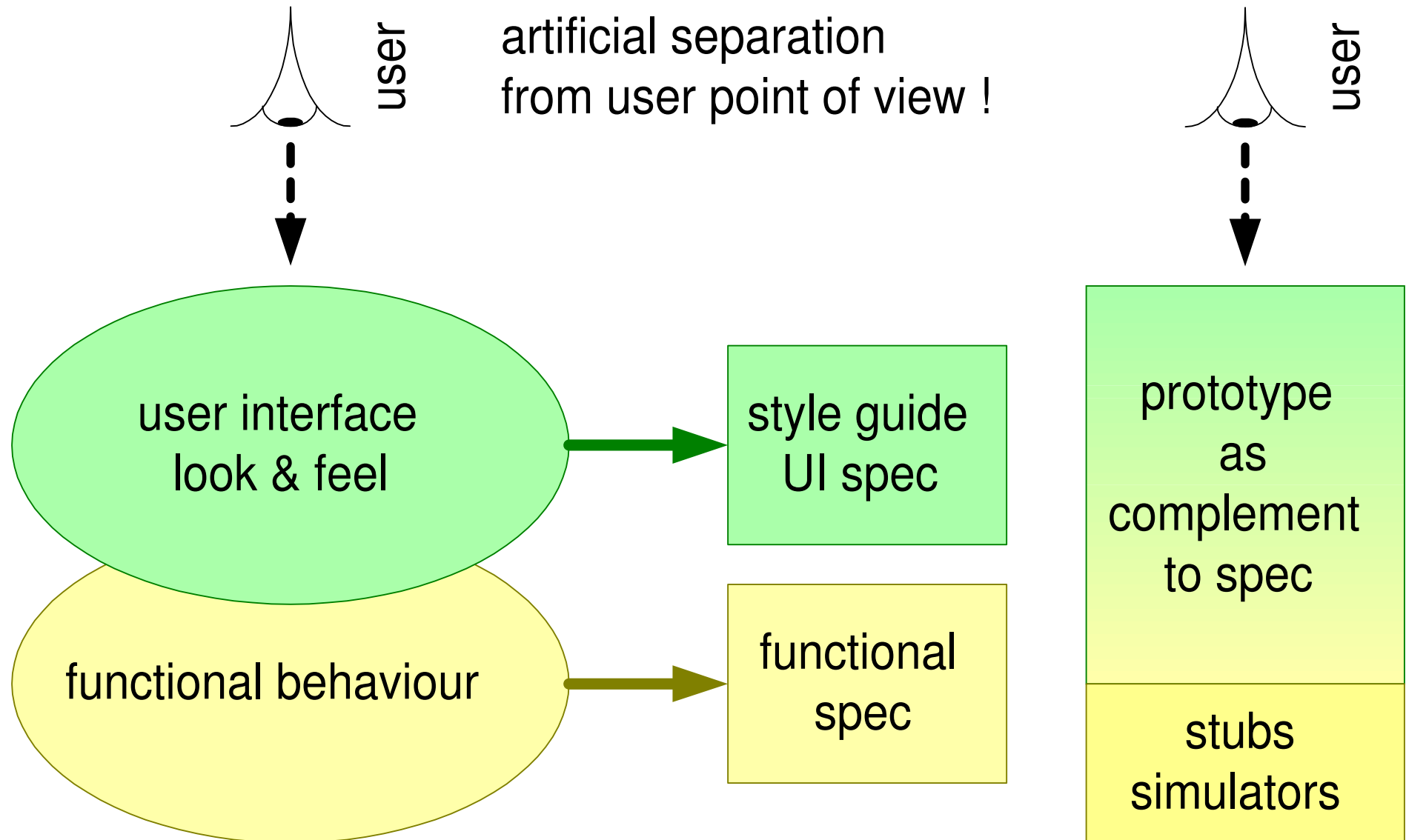
# Mapping technical functions on products

<i>technical functions</i>	<i>products</i>	home cinema system	flat screen cinema TV	bedroom TV
HD display		+	+	-
SD->HD up conversion		+	+	-
HD->SD down conversion		+	+	0
HD storage		0	-	-
SD storage		0	-	0
HD IQ improvement		+	+	-
SD IQ improvement		+	+	+
HD digital input		+	+	0
SD digital input		+	+	0
SD analog input		0	+	+
6 HQ channel audio		+	0	-
2 channel audio		-	+	+

## legend

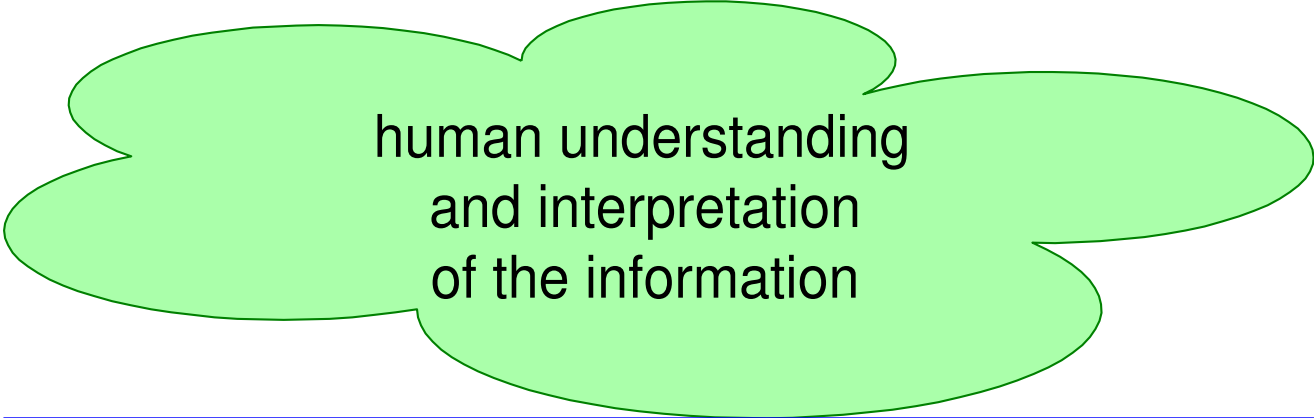
+	present
0	optional
-	absent

# Relation between user interface and functional specification

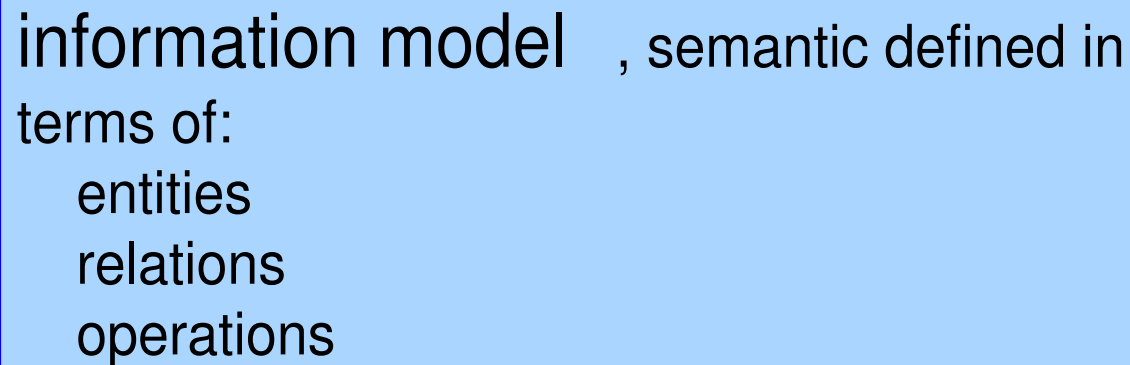


# Layering of information definitions

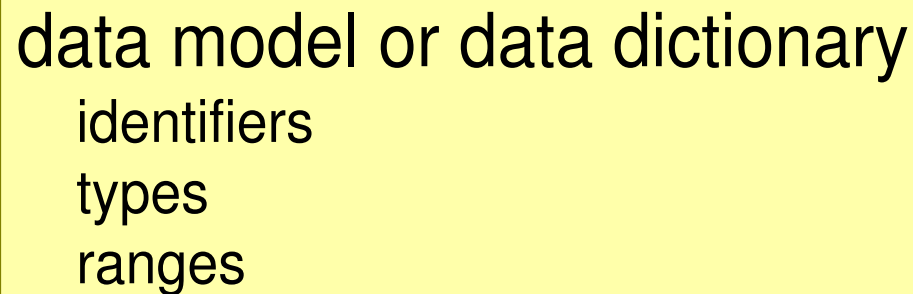
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human understanding  
and interpretation  
of the information

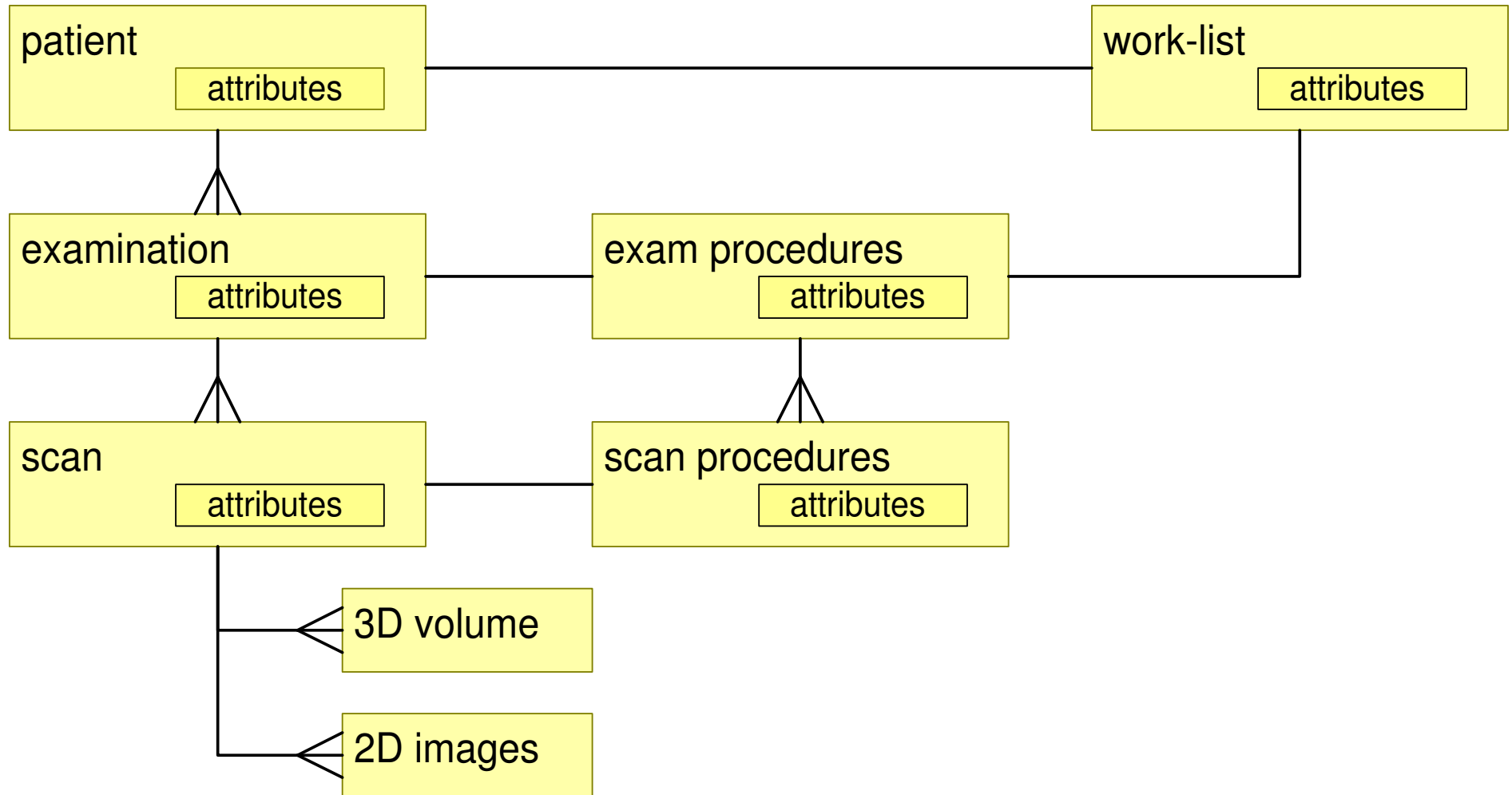


information model , semantic defined in  
terms of:  
entities  
relations  
operations



data model or data dictionary  
identifiers  
types  
ranges

# Example partial internal information model



## 12 bit Image:

nx: 16 bit unsigned integer

ny: 16 bit unsigned integer

pixels[nx][ny]: 16 bit unsigned integers [0..4095]

## 16 bit Image:

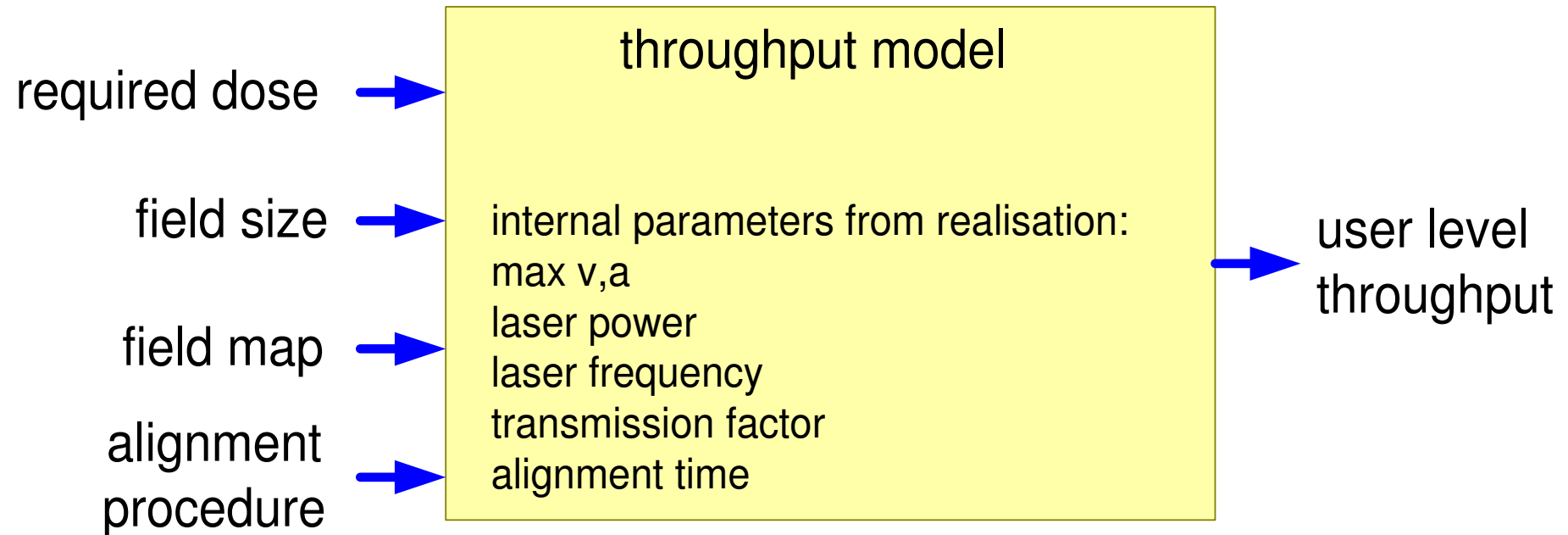
nx: 16 bit unsigned integer

ny: 16 bit unsigned integer

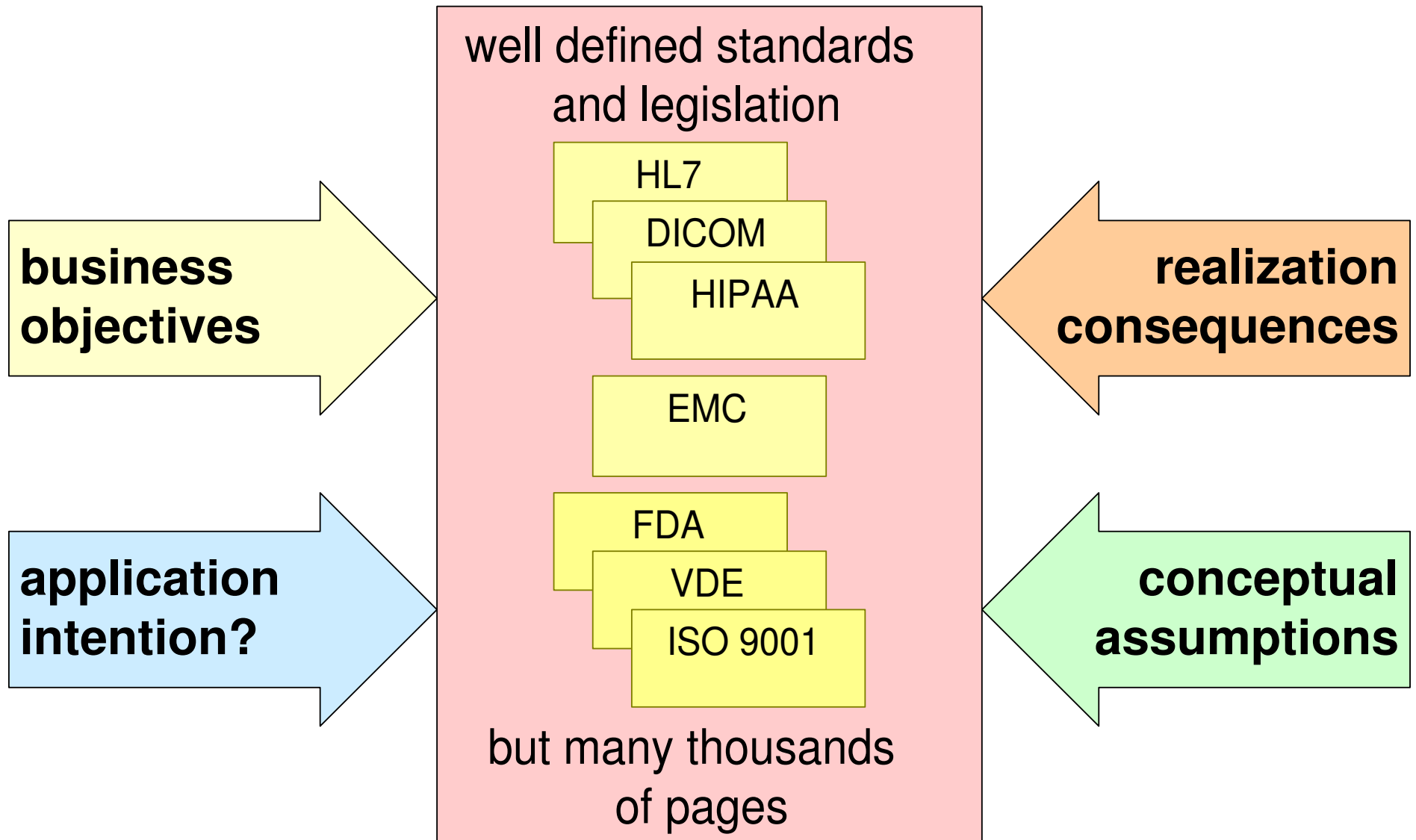
pixels[nx][ny]: 16 bit unsigned integers

# Example of performance modelling

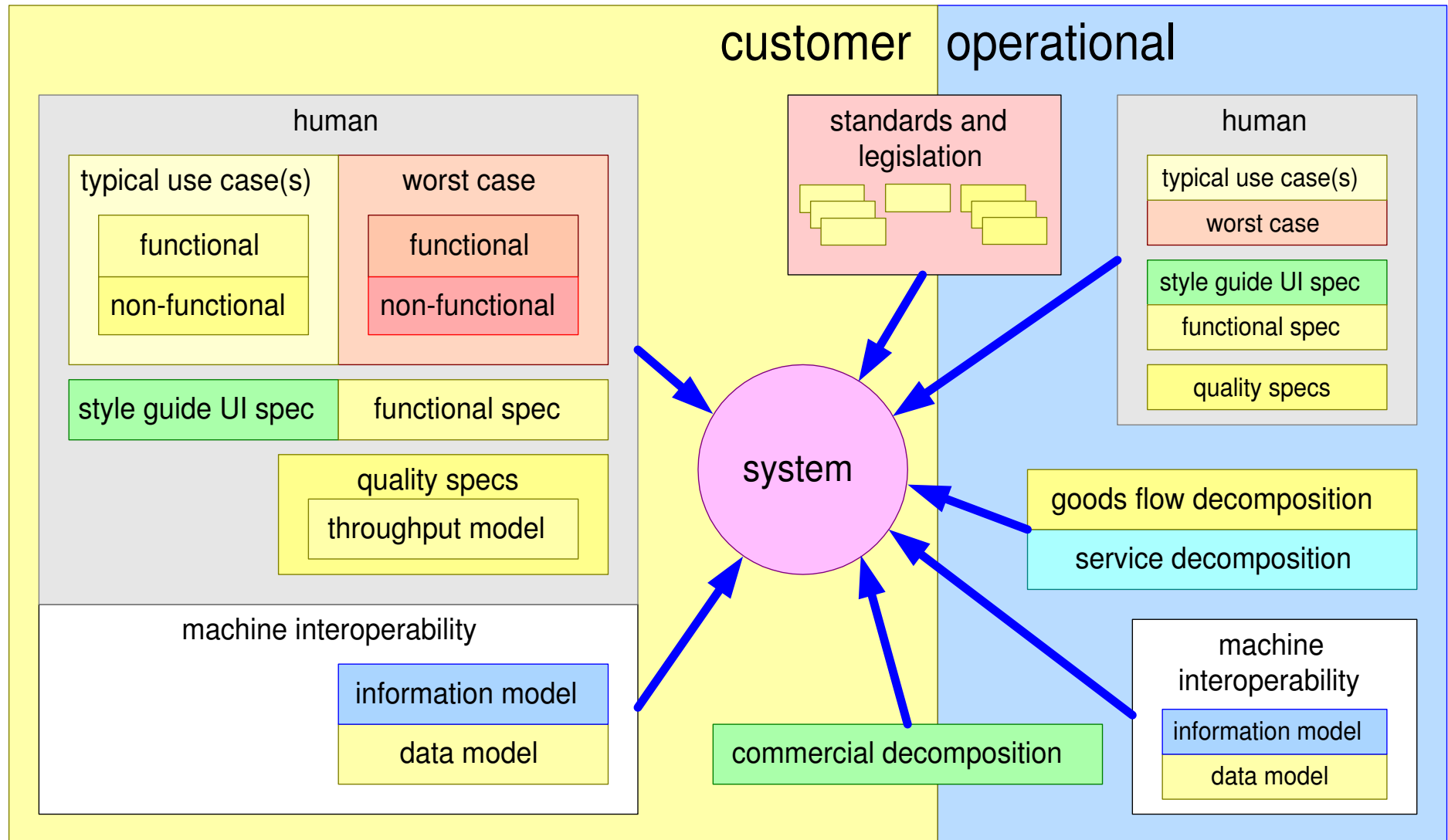
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# The role of standards



# Functional view summary



Functional view = What: externally observable